





Е. А. Барашкова

ГРАММАТИКА АНГЛИЙСКОГО ЯЗЫКА сборник упражнений Часть 1

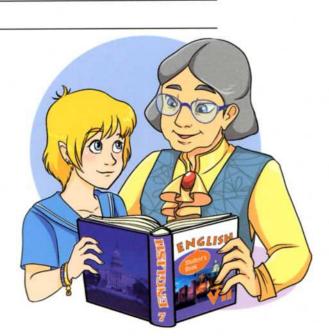
К учебнику О.В. Афанасьевой, И.В. Михеевой «Английский язык. VII класс»

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Е. А. Барашкова

Грамматика английского языка

сборник упражнений

Часть 1

К учебнику О. В. Афанасьевой, И. В. Михеевой «Английский язык. VII класс» (М.: Просвещение)

7 класс

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Данное пособие полностью соответствует федеральному государственному образовательному стандарту (второго поколения). Оно представляет собой первую часть учебного комплекта, состоящего из четырёх книг:

- Грамматика английского языка. Сборник упражнений. Часть 1
- Грамматика английского языка. Сборник упражнений. Часть 2
- Грамматика английского языка. Книга для родителей
- Грамматика английского языка. Проверочные работы.

Сборник содержит 270 грамматических упражнений, обеспечивающих усвоение и закрепление правил грамматики, которые изучаются в 7 классе. Характер упражнений позволяет выполнять их максимально быстро, что экономит силы и время учащихся и помогает в короткие сроки добиться хорошего знания грамматики.

Для учащихся школ с углублённым изучением английского языка, лицеев, гимназий, колледжей, изучающих язык по учебнику О. В. Афанасьевой, И. В. Михеевой «Английский язык: VII класс».

Приказом № 699 Министерства образования и науки Российской Федерации учебные пособия издательства «Экзамен» допущены к использованию в общеобразовательных организациях.

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От автора

Данный сборник является частью комплекта учебных пособий «Грамматика английского языка». В комплект также входят «Проверочные работы» и «Книга для родителей». Пособия составлены таким образом, что дети могут работать над грамматикой вместе с родителями или самостоятельно.

Сборник включает в себя 270 упражнений. Он состоит из двух частей. Это первая часть.

Выполнение упражнений обеспечивает не только *знание* грамматического материала, но и, что более важно, *навыки грамотной речи*. Материал вводится постепенно, отрабатывается многократно. В упражнениях мы намеренно избегаем излишней сложности, так как наша цель: научить. Материал представлен очень просто, не требует больших усилий в освоении.

Для того, чтобы работа детей была более эффективной, мы предлагаем вписывать лишь значимые части предложений. Это значительно экономит время и силы и позволяет сделать за короткое время много упражнений.

Перед каждым упражнением указан параграф «Книги для родителей», в котором подробно объясняются соответствующие грамматические явления. «Книга для родителей» содержит объяснения всех грамматических правил, которые изучаются в седьмом классе, и ключи к упражнениям. В настоящем сборнике также есть информация для родителей. Она находится на стр. 4–5 и в рамочках перед некоторыми упражнениями.

В конце сборника есть **тематический указатель**, с помощью которого можно быстро найти упражнения на каждое грамматическое правило.

Будем очень благодарны Вам за Ваши замечания и пожелания. Просим присылать их по адресу: grammarbook@mail.ru

ИНФОРМАЦИЯ ДЛЯ РОДИТЕЛЕЙ

В наш учебно-методический комплект входит «Книга для родителей», которая написана специально для Вас. В ней Вы найдёте объяснения всех грамматических правил, которые изучаются в седьмом классе, и ключи к упражнениям. Кроме того, в рамочках с пометкой «Информация для родителей» Вы найдёте небольшие справки и подсказки, которые помогут Вам в занятиях с детьми. Некоторые упражнения представлены в виде игр. Эти игры очень эффективны, так как благодаря многократному повторению речевые образцы хорошо запоминаются.

Игра «СНЕЖНЫЙ КОМ» знакома многим. Приведём один из её вариантов. Даётся пример: *He hasn't eaten anything*. Первый игрок сначала повторяет его, а затем проговаривает предложение, придуманное им самим. Каждый следующий участник должен добавить своё предложение, но прежде чем его произнести, ему нужно повторить все предыдущие. Часто игре СНЕЖНЫЙ КОМ предшествует кроссворд, в котором использованы слова, подходящие для игры. Почти все КРОССВОРДЫ в нашем сборнике однотипны: все согласные буквы уже даны, остаётся вписать лишь гласные. После того, как кроссворд заполнен, переходите к игре. Но не ограничивайте игру только словами из кроссворда, употребляйте любые подходящие слова.

Очень эффективна **игра «ПАРОЧКИ»**. Сначала расскажем, как её подготовить. На вкладке даны карточки для этой игры. Обратите внимание на то, что на каждой странице девять пар слов и карточка с названием и номером игры. Первый блок из слов Вы приклеиваете на картон одного цвета, а другой блок таких же слов — на картон другого цвета. Потом эти листы разрезаете по пунктирной линии. У Вас получатся две стопки парных карточек, отличающихся цветом «рубашки» (оборотной стороны карточки). Возьмите почтовый конверт обычного размера, заклейте его и разрежьте пополам. Таким образом из стандартного почтового конверта получатся два кармашка. На один кармашек приклейте карточку с названием игры. В кармашек вложите обе стопки. Игра готова.

Карточки перемешивают и раскладывают в два ряда «рубашкой» вверх: девять карточек одного цвета и рядом девять карточек другого цвета. Цель игры — собрать как можно больше парочек. Игроки по очереди берут сначала карточку из одного ряда, переворачивают её и употребляют слово в отрабатываемой модели. В качестве

примера рассмотрим упражнение 65, в котором отрабатывается сложное дополнение после глаголов физического восприятия see, hear, feel. Предположим, игрок достаёт карточку $hear\ dog\ bark$. Он говорит: $I\ heard\ the\ dog\ bark$ и берёт карточку из другого ряда. Если на ней те же слова, то он ещё раз произносит это предложение и берёт обе карточки себе. Если из другого ряда он взял другие слова, например $see\ boy\ run$, он произносит $I\ saw\ the\ boy\ run$, и карточки со словами $hear\ dog\ bark$ и $see\ boy\ run$ возвращает на прежнее место. Ход переходит к следующему игроку. Очень важно возвращать непарные карточки на своё место: так игроки смогут запомнить, где какая карточка. Выигрывает тот, кто соберёт больше парочек.

Игра «КУБИКИ» требует подготовки. На вкладке Вы найдёте выкройки шести кубиков. Выньте вкладку, каждую страничку с выкройкой кубика наклейте на какую-нибудь картонку. Затем вырежьте кубик по сплошной линии. Аккуратно согните выкройку по пунктирным линиям и соберите кубик. Внутренние клапаны склейте. Если у Вас есть готовые пластмассовые или деревянные кубики, можно использовать и их. В этом случае нужно просто вырезать слова из выкройки кубика и оклеить ими грани готового кубика. На каждой грани кубика указан номер, например: VII–2. Это значит: кубик номер 2 для VII класса. В упражнениях сборника указано, какой кубик взять и какую модель отработать.

Объясним эту игру на примере упражнения 45. Для игры нужны два кубика: VII-1 и VII-2.

Сначала даётся пример:

(I/clean the room) Mum wants me to clean the room.

Игроки по очереди бросают сразу два кубика и употребляют «выпавшие» слова в отрабатываемой модели:

(he/feed the dog) Mum wants him to feed the dog.

Если Вашему ребёнку нравятся игры, где есть победитель, то можно заранее договориться, что победителем этой игры будет тот, кто «выкинет» определённое заранее словосочетание, например they/put $up\ the\ tent$.

Помимо решения чисто практической задачи (отработать употребление определённой грамматической модели) эти игры великолепно развивают память и внимание.

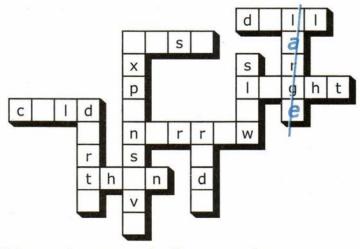
Если у Вас остались кубики от других классов, время от времени используйте и их для отработки изучаемых моделей. Это позволит в форме игры основательно закрепить выученный материал.

Желаем успехов Вам и Вашему ребёнку!

UNIT 1

1. Complete the crossword.

(§20)



ORALLY. Make sentences as in the example.

house (small / large)

A house can be small or large.

1. test (difficult /)	6. carpet (clean /)
2. street (wide /)	7. answer (polite /)
3. car (fast /)	8. notebook (thick /)
4. day (hot /)	9. bike (cheap /)
5. book (interesting /)	10. bag (heavy/)

2. a, the or no article? (§ 20)

1. What is weather like today? 2. What was weather like day before yesterday? 3. We didn't go fishing because of weather. 4. Is there weathercock on top of building? 5. weather is so lovely today! 6. forecast says it'll get colder. temperature will be fifteen degrees below zero. 7. In December weather is often bad. 8. You can't whitewash your house in bad weather.

3. a, an, the or no article? (§ 20)

1. What is difference between barometer and thermometer? 2. What is difference between sea and ocean? 3. What is difference between lake and sea? 4. If you want to be weatherman, you need to study Geography. 5. We are in sixth form. We study Geography and Nature. 6. Granny, did you study Geography when you were in sixth form? 7. hill is not as high as mountain. 8. Is it easy to tell alligator from crocodile? 9. What is weather like in Holland? 10. What is weather like in Netherlands? 11. frogs are amphibians. 12. frogs have long strong hind legs. 13. There are frogs in garden. 14. Have look! Is it frog or toad¹? 15. Once I saw very large frog.

4. a, the or no article? (§ 20)

1. English marmalade is traditionally rather bitter. 2. marmalade is bitter. What's matter? 3. toy is made of glass. 4. It is very beautiful building with glass roof. 5. There is glass and five cups on table. 6. People sometimes drink tea from glasses. 7. Do you like glass? 8. Would you like ... cup of tea? 9. There is little piece of cheese in fridge. 10. Let's have tea break. 11. What large sweet! 12. What sweet cheese! 13. Shall we tell them truth? 14. Who laid table? 15. It's same thing. 16. He was gold medal winner at last Olympics, wasn't he?

¹toad — жаба

5. a, an, the or no article? (§ 20)

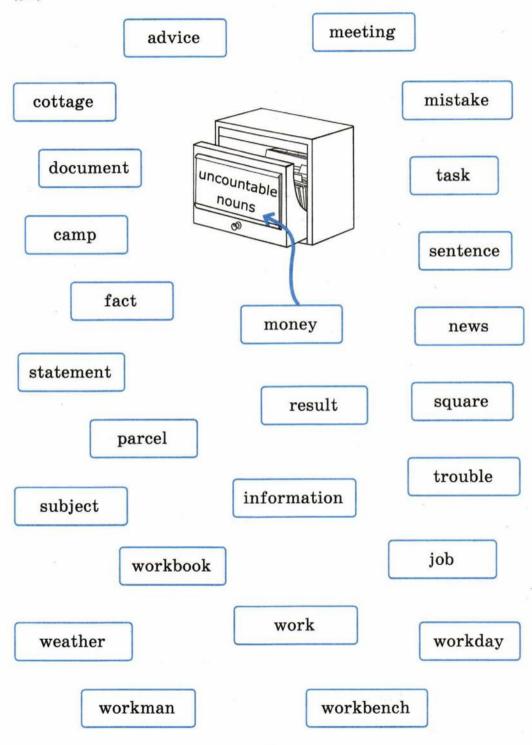
1. ... house is in ... middle of ... street. 2. Can you throw this stone into ... middle of ... pond? 3. What happened in ... middle of ... century? 4. Shall we go by bus? — We'd better go by taxi. 5. When he was child he used to read lot. 6. What can you do at ... post office? — We can buy ... stamps, post letters, make telephone calls. 7. door won't open. - Let me help you. 8. library is place where books and CDs are available for you to borrow. 9. Can you show me way to library, please? 10. Do you know answer? 11. I'd like to buy ... unusual present for ... Browns. 12. It was ... important day for ... Smiths. 13. Shall I leave key with your sister? 14. What's matter? 15. Just minute! 16. Have nice day! 17. Shall I switch off radio? 18. Will you help me with suitcase? 19. There is suitcase in front of bed. 20. Shall we go for walk today? — It's pity we can't go today.

6. Write the plural.

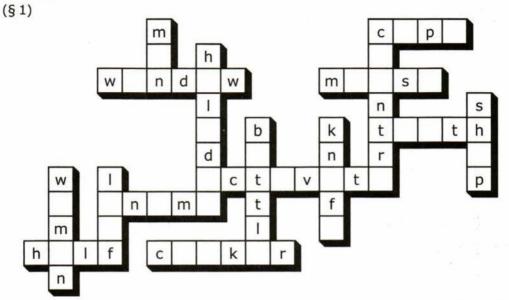
(3))			
1.	a	life	 11. a safe	
2.	a	knife	 12. a roof	
3.	a	shelf	 13. a tooth	
4.	a	leaf	 14. a city	
5.	a	loaf	 15. a lorry	
6.	a	belief	 16. a watch	
7.	a	handkerchief	 17. a princess	
8.	a	wife	 18. a woman	
9.	a	housewife	 19. a postman	
10.	a	dwarf	 20. a dish	

7. Put uncountable nouns into the drawer.

(§2)



Complete the sentences. Use the plural form of the following words.



1. Hot and sharp are dangerous.
2 and are made of glass. 3. The
group will be divided into
colouring of an insect warns its that it may
be poisonous. 5 have sharp
6. There were nine and three in
the hall. 7. What are celebrated in different
of the world? 8. What pretty!
9. These can make the party more exciting.
10. The of the book.

9. What a (an) or What?

(§§	1-	-2)

1	hot weather!	6	excellent day!

- 2. hot day! 7. excellent advice!
- 3. hot days! 8. awful day!
- 4. excellent weather! 9. awful weather!
- 5. excellent days! 10. awful news!

10. ORALLY. Paraphrase the sentences as in the examples. $(\S 2, \S 20)$

The house is so beautiful.

It is such a beautiful house.

The weather is so bad.

It is such √bad weather.

The trees are so tall.

These are such √tall trees.

- 1. The book is so interesting.
- 2. The information is so interesting.
- 3. The day is so terrible.
- 4. The weather is so terrible.
- 5. The subject is so boring.
- 6. The apples are so tasty.
- 7. The chairs are so comfortable.
- 8. The enemy is so dangerous.
- 9. The steps are so dangerous.
- 10. The news is so great.

11. ORALLY. Change the sentences to indirect speech. (§§ 60-62)

"The milk is so cold!"

Jane says the milk is very cold.

"It is such a long scarf!"

Jane says the scarf is very long.

- 1. "The text is so difficult!"
- 2. "The dictionary is so heavy!"
- 3. "He is such a kind boy!"
- 4. "The children are so noisy!"
- 5. "The lorry is so fast!"
- 6. "It's such a small bird!"

12 (§ 2	Translate into English.		
1.	хорошие новости		
2.	интересные сведения		
3.	полезные сведения		
4.	хорошие советы		
5.	получать совет		
6.	получать советы		
7.	следовать этим советам		
8.	совет доктора		
9.	советы доктора		
10	печальная новость		
(§ 2	Translate the sentences in , § 20) wful beautiful calm	to English. barometer day	forecast
	changeable clever ld strong stupid sunny useful		orning weather
0.	changeable clever	information m rainbow rainstorm	orning weather wind
0.	changeable clever ld strong stupid sunny useful	information m rainbow rainstorm weatherman	orning weather wind
0.	changeable clever ld strong stupid sunny useful Какой ужасный шторм!	information m rainbow rainstorm weatherman	orning weather wind
o. 1. 2.	changeable clever ld strong stupid sunny useful Какой ужасный шторм! Какой сильный ветер!	information m rainbow rainstorm weatherman	orning weather wind
1. 2. 3. 4.	changeable clever ld strong stupid sunny useful Какой ужасный шторм! Какой сильный ветер! Какой спокойный день!	information m rainbow rainstorm weatherman	orning weather wind
1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	changeable clever ld strong stupid sunny useful Какой ужасный шторм! Какой сильный ветер! Какой спокойный день! Какое солнечное утро!	information m rainbow rainstorm weatherman	orning weather wind
1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	changeable clever ld strong stupid sunny useful Какой ужасный шторм! Какой сильный ветер! Какой спокойный день! Какое солнечное утро! Какой глупый прогноз!	information m rainbow rainstorm weatherman	orning weather wind
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6.	changeable clever ld strong stupid sunny useful Какой ужасный шторм! Какой сильный ветер! Какой спокойный день! Какое солнечное утро! Какой глупый прогноз! Какая красивая радуга!	information m rainbow rainstorm weatherman	orning weather wind
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6.	changeable clever ld strong stupid sunny useful Какой ужасный шторм! Какой сильный ветер! Какой спокойный день! Какое солнечное утро! Какой глупый прогноз! Какая красивая радуга! Какой старый барометр!	information m rainbow rainstorm weatherman	orning weather wind
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8.	changeable clever ld strong stupid sunny useful Какой ужасный шторм! Какой сильный ветер! Какой спокойный день! Какое солнечное утро! Какой глупый прогноз! Какая красивая радуга! Какой старый барометр! Какой умный синоптик!	information m rainbow rainstorm weatherman	orning weather wind
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8.	changeable clever ld strong stupid sunny useful Какой ужасный шторм! Какой сильный ветер! Какой спокойный день! Какое солнечное утро! Какой глупый прогноз! Какая красивая радуга! Какой старый барометр! Какой умный синоптик!	information m rainbow rainstorm weatherman	orning weather wind

14. few or little?
(§ 16)
1 people choose one career and stick to it for life.
2. I have veryluggage, only a few boxes.
3. How much oil do you need? — Very
4. There were people around.
5. There was water left.
6. Very plants and animals survive in the Antarctic.
7. There's information there.
8. We've got money left.
9. teachers attended the conference.
10. These plants need water.
11. There are maps available.
12. They have visitors on Monday.
13 students attended her lectures.
14. There is salad left.
15. There are sandwiches left.
16. I've got very time for my hobby.
17. She spends very money on clothes.
15. a few or a little?
(§ 17)
1. The plants need water. 2. I'll water the plants in
days. 3. Only students like the subject.
4. He has schoolmates who can help him. 5. We
need time to get ready. 6. We need days
to get ready. 7. You can find interesting facts
there. 8. You can find interesting information
there. 9. Shall I peel potatoes? 10. Shall I make
potato salad? 11. I'd like to ask questions.
12. We've got honey.
Authorities of the control of the c

16. Correct each sentence.

(§ 2, § 26, § 52)

1.	May I give you piece of advice?
	Who gave you these advice?
3.	What a useful advice!
4.	I have never heard such a useless advice.
5.	The teacher gave me three advice.
6.	She followed your advice, did she?
7.	Shall we follow those advice?
8.	You must take his advise.
9.	He always take my advice.
10.	That's a very good advice.
11.	Nobody like to get advice.

17. ORALLY. Make sentences as in the example. $(\S 20)$

Belgium Austria Bulgaria Czech Republic Denmark Finland France Germany Greece Hungary Italy Holland Norway Poland Portugal Romania Russia Serbia Slovakia Sweden Switzerland

Amsterdam Athens Belgrade Berlin Bratislava Brussels Bucharest **Budapest** Copenhagen Helsinki Lisbon Moscow Oslo Paris Prague Rome Sofia Stockholm Vienna Warsaw

The capital of Russia is Moscow.

18. Somebody, anybody, something or anything? (§ 13)
1. Did she write down? 2. She wrote down
4. I won't show the album to 5. has
shown her the album. 6. He didn't agree with
7. I shall never like so much as Sallie —
except you. 8. He knew everything better than
else. 9 has left the umbrella. 10. Did he say
about my idea? 11. Did he tell
about my idea? 12. He said, but I didn't
hear
19. Somewhere, anywhere or everywhere? (§ 13)
1. It happened on a train between Moscow
and Rostov. 2. Our family didn't go 3. My
keys must be in the bag. 4. I cannot find
them 5. Is the umbrella in
the house? 6. I've met you before. 7. She
felt very sleepy, and she went upstairs to see if there
was she could lie down. 8. You can see a
snake 9. Most people travel
every day. 10. I'm sure I have it
cat follows her

20. Complete the sentences.

(§ 13)

ask smb to come	believe smb	do what smb says
give it back to smb		give it to smb
make smb belie	eve something that is	s not true
move along behind smb	quarrel with sml	run after smb

If you argue with someone, you quarrel with them. 1. If you fool someone, you 2. If you chase someone, you 3. If you invite someone to a party, you If you follow someone, you If you obey someone, you 6. If you pass something to somebody, you 7. If you return something to somebody, you 8. If you trust someone, you 21. Write the adverbs. (§6) 1. careful 11. positive 2. bad 12. sweet quick 3. 13. loud slow 4. 14. easy 5. wonderful 15. happy 6. clever 16. heavy 7. quiet 17. angry 8. hungry 18. lazy 9. fast 19. noisy 10. good 20. clumsy

22. Complete the sentences.

(§6)

1.	Those large lorries are too	SLOW
2.	Those large lorries drive too	SLOW
3.	Growing roses is a process.	SLOW
4.	We need a new computer, this one is really	
		SLOW
5.	Why are you writing so?	SLOW
6.	Why are you so today?	SLOW
7.	My watch is five minutes	SLOW
8.	Could you speak, please?	SLOW
9.	The water lily was swimming across	SLOW
	the pond.	
10	. What's wrong? Why is she walking so?	SLOW

23. Correct each sentence.

(§6, §13, §20)

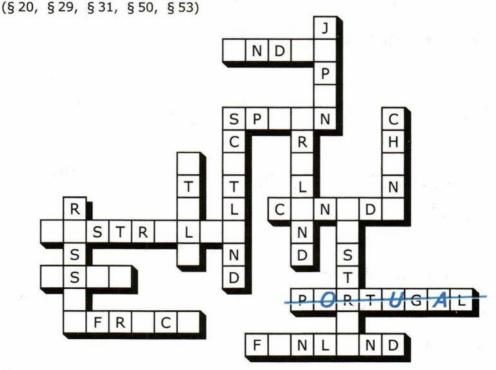
1.	Wh	en	you	love	e so	me	one	, yc	u fe	eel	very	hap	ру
	wit	h h	im.										
2.	Wh	en	som	eon	e is	qu	iet,	he	mal	kes	very	litt	le
	noi	se.										1-	
3.	We	ha	ve g	ot t	he	hou	r ar	nd a	ha	If le	ft.		
4.	Wh	at	awfu	l st	ory!			13					
5.	It i	s s	uch	bea	utifu	ıl fl	owe	r!					
6.	An	ар	ple i	s so	tas	sty!				7			
7.	Ιd	idn	't la	ugh	at s	som	ebo	dy.					
8.	The	e no	oise	frigi	nter	ed	him	te	rribl	e.			

UNIT 2

24. a, an, the or no article?

1. interpreter is person whose job is to translate what someone is saying into another language. 2. He wanted to earn his living as interpreter. 3. Where is interpreter? 4. I know that you are interpreter. Is that very interesting job? 5. Who wants to speak to interpreter? He can answer your questions. 6. Is there interpreter here? 7. This is interpreter who made such terrible mistake last time. 8. What talented interpreter you are!

25. Complete the crossword.



Play the Snowball game.

- Has he been to Portugal?
- 2. When was he in Portugal?

26. the or no article? (§ 20)

1. Will you open your books, page two. 2. There is list
of new words on second page. 3. Have you read
third dialogue? 4. There is mistake in Dialogue Three.
5. Where are three maps I gave you yesterday? 6. They
have got dog and three cats cats are nice, but dog
is angry. 7. It takes me two hours to do my homework.
8. Have you brought Book Two? 9. I'm sorry, I haven't
brought second book. 10. Could you answer telephone?
11. Who will answer next question? 12. Where will
you go next summer? 13. They have sold last copies of
book. 14. I read this book last summer. 15. You can
find answer in last chapter. 16. It was last day of
trip. 17. Who is winner?

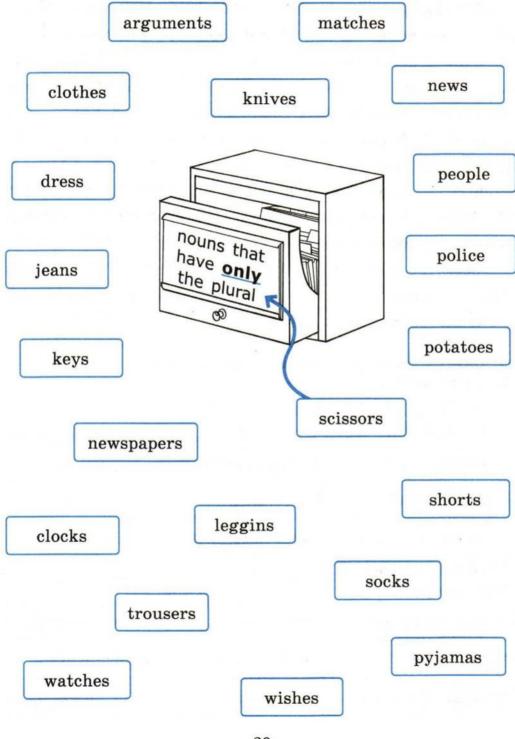
27. ORALLY. Make dialogues as in the example. (§ 20, § 29, §§ 54-55)

- Who wrote "Ruslan and Lyudmila"?
- Pushkin did. He is an outstanding Russian poet. He lived in the nineteenth century.

"Don Quixote"	Cervantes	1547	Spain
"Gulliver's Travels"	Jonathan Swift	1667	England
"The Adventures of Tom Sawyer"	Mark Twain	1835	USA
"Treasure Island"	Stevenson	1850	Scotland
"Kashtanka"	Anton Chekhov	1860	Russia
"The Snow Queen"	Andersen	1805	Denmark

28. Put the nouns into the drawer.

(§1, §3)



29. Which is right?

(§3)

1. He took the clothes out of the suitcase and looked at (it/them) carefully. 2. He took the camera and examined (it/them) carefully. 3. Don't put on your school clothes now, put (it/them) into the wardrobe. 4. When I go on holiday, I carry my clothes in this suitcase. I never carry (it/them) in a bag. 5. Where does he keep his bike? — He keeps (it/them) in the garage. 6. Where does he keep his clothes? — He keeps (it/them) in the wardrobe. 7. Take the money and put (it/them) into the wallet. 8. Don't pack the clothes, I haven't washed (it/them) yet. 9. Did you give the money to your cousin? When did you give (it/them)? 10. I can send the money to him. — When can you send (it/them)? 11. I'll send the clothes to her. — When will you send (it/them)? 12. I can show you the clothes. I won't show (it/them) to her.

30. Complete the sentences.

(§ 3)

10		
1.	His clothes made of wool.	BE
	Where your school clothes?	BE
3.	Where the pile of dirty clothes I have	BE
	put in the container?	
4.	Where your school uniform?	BE
	Clowns wear funny clothes, they	BE
	colourful.	
6.	The clown's hat so funny.	BE
7.	Why don't you take dirty clothes off?	THAT
8.	Why don't you put nice hat on?	THAT
9.	We'd better put clothes into the	THIS
	suitcase.	
10	. What's wrong with scissors?	THIS

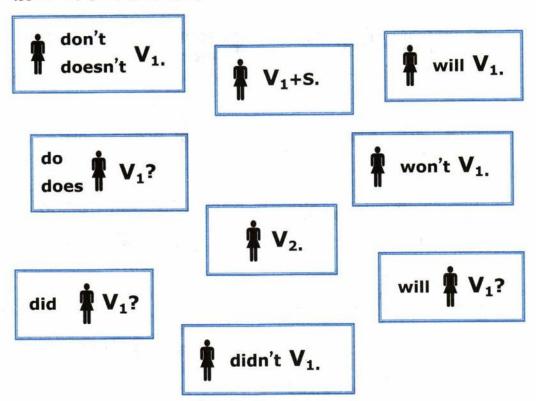
31. Correct each mistake.

(§ 3, § 6, § 8, §§ 16–17, § 20, § 26)

1. If you remind someone to do something, you make
him remember to do it.
2. Has everybody given me his homework?
3. He pulled his chair closer to my.
4. My brother sings better than your does.
5. The town was famous for it's toy making tradition.
6. They lived happy ever after.
7. She sound happy.
8. This trousers are too long.
9. Have you read the Part Four?
10. There was a few honey left.
11. I visited Smolensk few years ago.
12. There were only a little students in the library.
13. We didn't need to go to the baker's. We had little
bread.
14. Did you notice something interesting there?
15. Who have translated the article?
16. The cat is hungry. Where is it's milk?
17. Do you know whose got the key?
18. The girl which sits next to me in class learns
Chinese.

32. Complete the chart.

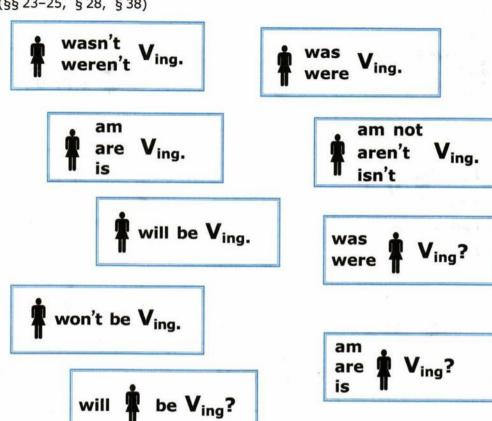
(§§ 23-24, § 26, § 29, § 36)



	Present Simple	Past Simple	Future Simple
+			
?	×		

33. Complete the chart.

(§§ 23-25, § 28, § 38)



	Present Continuous	Past Continuous	Future Continuous
+			
?			
_			

34. Write the past form of the veri (§ 24, § 29)	bs.
1. work	14. wrap
2. translate	15. slam
3. close	16. grab
4. change	17. worry
5. move	18. play
6. clap	19. copy
7. occur	20. stay
8. plan	21. try
9. travel	22. cry
10. beg	23. carry
11. decide	24. tidy
12. chat	25. prefer
13. mix	26. reply
35. Write the ing-form of the veri	bs.
1. work	13. run
2. draw	14. plan
3. drive	15. clap
4. dance	16. rub
5. smile	17. copy
6. translate	18. play
7. make	19. stay
8. put	20. try
9. drop	21. cry
10.swim	22. die
11. bake	23. lie
12.change	24. tie

36. Complete the sentences. (§ 26, § 29, § 36)	18.7.7
1. Stone Age people with bows, spears	HUNT
and axes.	
2. The manager isn't in his office. He	GO
out an hour ago.	-
3. Probably the weather colder	BE
tomorrow.	4 p = -
4. The weather cold last week.	BE
5. Why don't we go out? The weather	BE
wonderful.	28
6. I'm sure we a pleasant journey.	HAVE
7. I the gate and out.	OPEN
There was nobody around.	LOOK
8. I Italian last year.	HAVE
9. When my kitten was ill, the vet	GIVE
her some medicine to make her better.	2
10. A vet after sick animals.	LOOK
11. I wonder who her about our plans.	TELL
12. It often here in autumn.	RAIN
13. I think it tomorrow.	RAIN
14. It when we	RAIN
the museum.	LEAVE
15. I'm happy it at the moment.	NOT RAIN
16. When it dark we'll switch	GET
on the light.	-
17. A carpenter things that	REPAIR
of wood.	MAKE
18. I the bench tomorrow,	REPAIR
I	PROMISE

the	Write the ing-form only for the Present Continuous. 24-25)	ose verbs t	that can be used in
1.	workworking	11. like	
2.	want не употребляется	12. love	
3.	buy	13. hate	
4.	believe	14. help	
5.	look	15. remen	nber
6.	see	16. learn	
7.	stand	17. forget	t
8.	understand	18. listen	
9.	consist	19. hear	
10.	watch	20. know	
Pre (§§	Make questions as in the exesent Continuous. 24-26) look at the map Are you looking at the see the map Do you see the map?		possible, use the
1.	belong to the club	2 1	
2.	try to understand me		
		t	o understand me?
3.	understand me	n	ne?
4.	listen to me		
		t	o me?
5.	hear me		
		r	ne?

6.	5. have lunch	
_	lunch?	
7.		
-	a garden?	
8.		_
_	the address	?
9.		
12/12/	the address	?
10	0. write the address	
	the address	?
11	1. believe in miracles	
	in miracles?	?
	9. Complete the sentences as in the example. §§ 24-26)	4
a	a little forgetful sleepy better brig	
	The second secon	ght red
	cold higher and higher late	NI INC.
	cold higher and higher late	orse
1.	cold higher and higher late quite interested shorter warm wo Her grandfather is getting better.	orse
1. 2.	cold higher and higher late quite interested shorter warm wo Her grandfather is getting better. Your porridge	orse
	cold higher and higher late quite interested shorter warm wo Her grandfather is getting better. Your porridge Shall I open the window? It	in here.
2. 3.	cold higher and higher late quite interested shorter warm wo Her grandfather is getting better. Your porridge Shall I open the window? It is The situation	in here.
2. 3. 4.	cold higher and higher late quite interested shorter warm wo Her grandfather is getting better. Your porridge Shall I open the window? It is The situation	in here.
 3. 4. 5. 	cold higher and higher late quite interested shorter warm wo Her grandfather is getting better. Your porridge Shall I open the window? It if it is it	in here.
 3. 4. 6. 	cold higher and higher late quite interested shorter warm wo Her grandfather is getting better. Your porridge Shall I open the window? It if the situation if the waves His face with	in here.
 3. 4. 6. 	cold higher and higher late quite interested shorter warm wo Her grandfather is getting better. Your porridge	in here.
 3. 4. 6. 7. 	cold higher and higher late quite interested shorter warm wo Her grandfather is getting better. Your porridge	in here. a anger. se I say
 3. 4. 6. 7. 	cold higher and higher late quite interested shorter warm wo Her grandfather is getting better. Your porridge Shall I open the window? It is The situation The waves His face with is I She in me, because such funny things.	in here. a anger. se I say

DO
DO
SIT
STAND
HEAR
TALK
SAY
MAKE
SAY
CUT
DRY
DRY
FLY
CREATE
-
NOT SINK
TAKE
DRY
TURN
HAVE
COME
PAINT
HURRY
WANT

41. Correct each sentence.

(§ 11, § 16, §§ 24-25)

1.	We are have a good time now.
2.	What's the matter? Why do you laughing?
3.	They aren't go to the theatre very often.
4.	Mr Smith is the professor which wrote the article
5.	I am afraid I have very little books on the
	subject.
6.	Everyone knows that water is boiling at 100 °C.
7.	The water boils, put the potatoes into the pan.
8.	Go downstairs. Somebody waits for you there.

42. Agree with the statements.

Ты не пользуешься сканером.

(§ 57)

You don't use the scanner. No, I don't. 1. Ты не интересуешься марками. Да, не интересуюсь. You are not interested in stamps. 2. Ты не принял это предложение. Да, не принял. You didn't accept the offer. 3. Они не согласились с тобой. Да, не согласились. They didn't agree with you. 4. Она не собирается начинать игру. Да, не собирается. She isn't going to begin the game. 5. Ты не принёс словарь. Да, не принёс.

Да, не пользуюсь.

You haven't brought the dictionary.

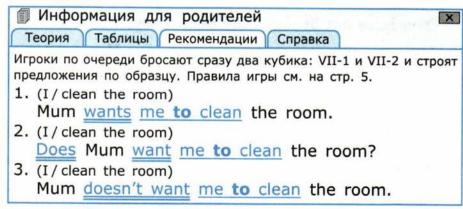
6.	Ты не изменишь план.	Да, не изменю.
	You won't change the plan.	
7.	Ты не был удивлён.	Да, не был.
	You were not surprised.	
8.	Ты не работаешь.	Да, не работаю.
	You are not working.	
9.	Ты не умеешь танцевать.	Да, не умею.
	You cannot dance.	
43 (§ 5	Disagree with the statements.	
(8 -	Ты не пользуешься сканером.	Нет, пользуюсь.
	You don't use the scanner.	Yes, I do.
1.	Ты не интересуешься марками.	Нет, интересуюсь.
	You are not interested in stamps.	
2.	Ты не принял это предложение.	Нет, принял.
	You didn't accept the offer.	
3.	Они не согласились с тобой.	Нет, согласились.
	They didn't agree with you.	
4.	Она не собирается начинать игру.	Нет, собирается.
	She isn't going to begin the game.	
5.	Ты не принёс словарь.	Нет, принёс.
	You have not brought the dictionary	•
6.	Ты не изменишь план.	Нет, изменю.
	You won't change the plan.	
7.	Ты не был удивлён.	Нет, был.
	You were not surprised.	
8.	Ты не работаешь.	Нет, работаю.
	You are not working.	

44. ORALLY. Translate the sentences into Russian. (§ 58)

- 1. I want a dog.
- 2. I want the dog to stay here.
- 3. We want to help Sam.
- 4. We want Sam to help us.
- 5. Would you like a parrot?
- 6. Would you like to see the parrot?
- 7. Would you like the parrot to speak?
- 8. We hate you.
- 9. We hate you to work much.
- 10. He hates his cousin.
- 11. He hates his cousin to boast.
- 12. Do you want me to come?
- 13. I expect them to arrive tomorrow.
- 14. They expect me to invite them.
- 15. We know him.
- 16. We know him to be a serious boy.
- 17. He knows her.
- 18. He knows her to be a strict teacher.
- 19. They know me.
- 20. They know me to be a real friend.

45. Play the game.

(§ 58)



46. Translate the sentences into English.
(§ 58) 1. Врач хочет, чтобы ты прочитал эту статью.
2. Я терпеть не могу, когда она приходит рано.
3. Бабушка предполагает, что мы приготовим обед.
4. Мама бы хотела, чтобы вы купили хлеб.
5. Мои друзья хотят, чтобы я принёс палатку.
6. Учитель хочет, чтобы мы говорили по-английски.
7. Мои родители хотят, чтобы он сказал правду.
8. Он предполагает, что они прочитают инструкцию.
9. Мой брат не любит, когда я беру его фотоаппарат.
10. Я предполагаю, что он хороший повар.
47. Play the game.
(§ 58) 🗐 Информация для родителей 💌
Теория Таблицы Рекомендации Справка
Игроки по очереди бросают сразу два кубика: VII-1 и VII-2 и строят
предложения по образцу. Правила игры см. на стр. 5. 1. (I / clean the room)
They expect me to clean the room.
2. (I / clean the room)
Do they expect me to clean the room?
3. (I / clean the room)
They don't expect me to clean the room.

48. ORALLY. Make dialogues as in the example. (§58) I'd like you to move the piano. — Do you really want me to move the piano? I'd like you to move a. for him. 1. I'd like you to wait b. the photos to her. 2. I'd like you to open c. him up at 6. 3. I'd like you to wake d. part in the competition. 4. I'd like you to take e, the bill. 5. I'd like you to pack f. the books. 6. I'd like you to walk g. the clothes in cold water. 7. I'd like you to pay h. the dog. 8. I'd like you to tell i. the piano. 9. I'd like you to show i. the window. 10. I'd like you to wash k. them everything. 49. Complete the sentences as in the example. (§58)Mum makes me ✓ learn the new words. (AERNL) Mum lets me \(\sqrt{invite} \) invite my friends to the party. (EIINVT) 1. (AYST) Mum up late. 2. (IDRNK) Mum cold water. 3. (EOOCHS) Mum presents for him. 4. (AWHS) Mum up. Mum my room. 5. (EACNL) 6. (AWHTC) Mum the films. 7. (AET) Mum ice cream. Mum the glasses. 8. (EAWR) 9. (UYB) Mum vegetables. 10. (IONR) Mum the clothes.

50. Find two mistakes.

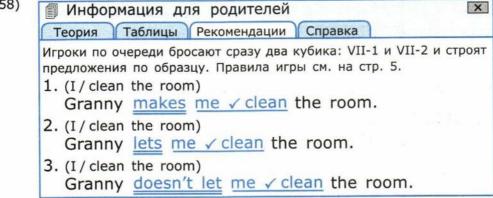
(§58)

- 1. What made you sign
- 2. What made you change
- 3. What made you run
- 4. What made you leave
- 5. What made you go
- 6. What made you cross
- 7. What made you stay -
- 8. What made you take
- 9. What made you shut
- 10. What made you laugh
- 11. What made you move
- 12. What made you bring

- a. at home in such weather?
- b. out in such weather?
- c. so loudly?
- d. so fast?
- e. the document?
- f. the office so
 - early?
 - g. the plan?
- h. the street here?
- i. your eyes?
- i. the medicine?
- k, the atlas?
- ►1. the piano?

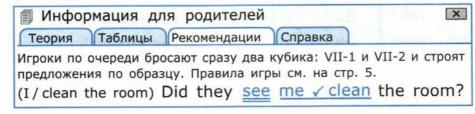
51. Play the game.

(§58)



52. Play the game.

(§58)



53. (§ 5	ORALLY (8)	/. C	omp	olet	e th	ie s	ent	ence	s as in the example.			
	(see/OSI	RCS)	Ι	sa	w y	70u	cr	oss	the street. = I saw you			
	crossing the street.											
1.	(hear / II	NG <u>S</u>) H	e		. m	e		the song. = He			
	me the song.											
2.	2. (feel/OUCTH) I somebody my shoulder. =											
	I somebody my shoulder.											
3.	(see / EE	NRT	Γ)	Ι			. h	er	the room. = I			
4.	(hear / E	APF	(<u>S</u>)	W	е			. hi	m over the			
	telepho	ne.	=	W	е			. hi	m over the			
	telepho	ne.										
5 .	(see / AE	ELV) T	hey	7			you	the office. = They			
		у	ou .			t	the	offi	ce.			
54. (§ 5		′. м	ake	dia	alog	ues	as	in t	he example.			
	he/	1	0	С	K				the door			
1.	she/		е	t	u	r			the book			
2.	they/		1	е	а				the window			
3.	he/		m	р	t				the basket			
4.	they/		е	р	а	i			the car			
5 .	she/		р	е				V.	the gate			
6.	they/		е	е					the delegation			
7.	he/		a	k					a fire			
8.	she/		r	0					the dress			
9.	he/		а	i	n				the fence			
10.	1.00		h	а	r	р	е		the knife			
	_ He	loc	ke	d +	ho d	doo	r					

— Did you see him ✓ lock the door?

55. Translate the sentences into English. (§58)him / her bark a bee T saw the shop call the lady He heard the room My friend felt a stranger enter follow noticed somebody Mum a dog leave Grandpa sting The policeman 1. Я вилел, как кто-то вошёл в комнату. 2. Полицейский слышал, как кто-то позвал его. 3. Дедушка почувствовал, что его ужалила пчела. 4. Мама увидела, что незнакомец пошёл за ней. 5. Я услышал, как залаяла собака. 6. Он заметил, что эта дама вышла из магазина. 7. Мой друг услышал, что кто-то позвал его. 56. Play the game. (§ 58)🗐 Информация для родителей Теория Таблицы Рекомендации Справка Игроки по очереди бросают кубик VII-1 и строят предложения по образцу. Правила игры см. на стр. 5. 1. (clean the room)

I saw him ✓ clean the room.

I didn't see him ✓ clean the room.

2. (clean the room)

(§ 58)	ranslat	e the	sent	tenc	es a	s in	the	exan	ples	•			
O	н не л	юбит	, ко	гда	мы			Не	hate	es i	JS	to	
O	на вид	ела,	как	я			,	She saw me √					
1. 0	на зас	гавла	яет м	иеня	I								
2. 0	на ожі	идает	г, чт	в о									
3. O	на слы	шал	а, чт	к от			,						
4. 0	н виде	л, чт	го он	ıa									
5. O	The second secon												
6. M	Іы разр	реша	ем в	ам.									
7. Я	не лю	блю	ког	да	на.								
8. Я	чувст	вую,	что	пче	ла.								
9. 0	ни наб	люда	ают,	кан	к он								
10. 5	Я бы х	отел	, что	бы	они								
58 C	orrect	each		nter	CO	Do	not	ch	anna	the		nder	linad
word		caci	. 30	ci	icc.	DU	1100	Ciii	ange	ciic	· u	iiuci	iiiicu
WOIG	S.												
	§§ 57-5	8)	Λ Λ						A A				0.0
(§ 27,	§§ 57-5				<u> </u>			~			~		
			frie	nds	pho	one	me	ear	y in	the	m	orni	ng.
(§ 27,	§§ 57-5	my										orni	ng.
(§ 27,	§§ 57-5	my	inte	rest	ed	in c	oins	. –	No,			orni	ng.
1.	I hate He is — You	my	inte ncle	rest doe	ed	in c	oins	. –	No,			orni	ng.
1. 2. 3.	I hate He is — You — No	not ur ur	inte ncle doe	rest doe <u>s</u> .	ed esn'	in c	oins	coi	No, ns.	he	is.	orni	ng.
1. 2. 3.	I hate He is - You - No	not ur ur he	inte ncle doe ven'	rest doe <u>s</u> . t go	ed esn'i	in c	oins	coi	No, ns.	he	is.	orni	ng.
1. 2. 3.	I hate He is - You - No - You - Yes	not ur ur , he u ha	inte ncle doe ven'	rest doe s. t go	ed esn'	in c	oins llect	coi	No, ns.	he	is.	orni	ng.
1. 2. 3.	I hate He is - You - No	not ur ur , he u ha	inte ncle doe ven'	rest doe s. t go	ed esn'	in c	oins llect	coi	No, ns.	he	is.	orni	ng.
1. 2. 3. 4.	I hate He is - You - No - You - Yes	my not ur ur ur ha ha ha ha ha	intencle doe ven' nave	rest doe s. t go en't. o s	esn"	in cot coll	oins llect ecti	coi	No, ns.	he	is.	orni	ng.
1. 2. 3. 4.	I hate He is - You - No - You - Yes I'd lik	not ur ur ur had he the	intencle doe ven' nave ey t e bo	rest doe s. t go en't. o sp oys	esn'i	in cot coll	oins llect ecti uder	coi	No,	he oins,	is.	orni	ng.

UNIT 3

59. a, the or no article? (§ 20)

1. He gave you such stupid advice. 2. advice he gave you was stupid. 3. It was only advice he had given me. 4. What is main advice? 5. What stupid idea! 6. What stupid advice! 7. What stupid questions! 8. What terrible day! 9. What terrible weather! 10. I hate such hot weather.

60. the or no article?

1. When did World War I begin? 2. When did First World War begin? 3. When was World War II? 4. When was Second World War? 5. It happened after end of First World War. 6. This town was occupied by Germany in Second World War. 7. Has anyone else used the phone? — No, you are first. 8. ... Room One is on first floor. 9. There are three bedrooms on the first floor. 10. It happened on second of January.

61. a, the or no article? (§ 20)

1. Denmark is country in Europe. 2. Is Andorra European country? 3. ... Europe is continent of many countries. 4. Netherlands is also known as Holland. 5. Netherlands is flat country. 6. Netherlands is smaller than France. 7. Is Holland large country? 8. What is Holland famous for? 9. Netherlands is famous for tulips. 10. tulips are grown all over Holland. 11. London is capital of United Kingdom. 12. England is biggest part of United Kingdom.

62. the or no article? (§ 20)

1. Tom was ill. He didn't go to school. 2. Tom's grandmother was ill. She didn't go to school. 3. Bill went to cinema instead of going to school. 4. Bill's mother went to her office instead of going to school. 5. Mum took my temperature and sent me to school. 6. He switched off computer and went to bed. 7. I had to find bed in dark. 8. It was time for me to go to bed. 9. Little children don't like to go to bed early. 10. There is box under bed. 11. You have found your ring, haven't you? Where was it? — It was under bed. 12. Every day I get up at 6 o'clock. — When do you go to bed? 13. Where is she? Is she still in bed? 14. Don't forget to close window before you go to bed.

63. Which is right? (§ 3)

1. Where do you buy clothes? — I buy (it/them) in (that/those) shop. 2. Do you often wash your school clothes? — Sure, the washing machine washes (it/them). 3. Your clothes (is/are) dirty. You should wear an apron to keep (it/them) clean while working. 4. Where are your school clothes? — I never wear (it/them). — Why? — I don't go to (the/-) school. 5. You need to wear (a/-) warm clothes when you go out today. — Where (is it/are they)? 6. Formal clothes (is/are) worn on official occasions. 7. Our clothes (was/were) packed. 8. Shall I brush your clothes? — No, thank you. (It's/They're) clean. 9. Where are your clothes? — (It's/They're) in the wardrobe. 10. Take off (that/those) wet clothes! — (It's/They're) not wet!

64. Translate the sentences into English.

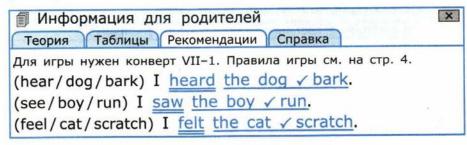
(§ 3)

buy clothes keep clothes look at the clothes
look for one's clothes make clothes
put clothes into a wardrobe put on one's clothes
take off one's clothes wash one's clothes

- 1. Эта одежда грязная.
- 2. Где твоя одежда? Она была в коробке.
- 3. Где ты покупаешь одежду? Я покупаю её в этом магазине.
- 4. Где ты хранишь свою тёплую одежду? Я храню её в шкафу.
- 5. Не надевай эту одежду. Положи её в шкаф.
- 6. Не ищи свою одежду. Она на стуле.
- 7. Сними свою одежду и положи её на стул.
- 8. Постирай эту одежду. Она грязная.

65. Play the game.

(§58)



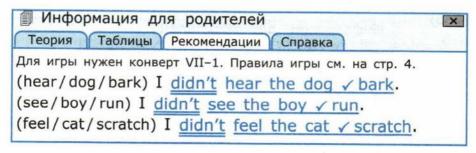
66. Complete the sentences as in the example. (§ 58)

	bark	c	roak		CI	ow	roar	squeak	trumpet
	(OG <u>D</u>) I	hea	rd	a c	dog	b	ark. = I	heard a d	og barking.
1.	(OKCC)	he	ard				= I	heard	
2.	(OGR <u>F</u>)	he	ard						
3.	(AEELPH	INT) I]	hea	rd			= I heard	
	(OINL) I								
5.	(OEUSM)	Ιh	ear	d				I heard	¥
(§ 5	she /	S	р	e	a	k		over the to	
1.	they/	3	u	а	r	r	e	over the to	elepnone
2.	he/		t	a	r			the engine	
3.	they/		i	s	С	u	s	the plan	
4.	she/		r						
5.	he/		u					the grass	
6.	he/		S					the vacuur	n cleaner
7.	she/		r	е	a			the vase	
8.	they/		а	u	g		V		

I heard her ✓ speak over the telephone.

68. Play the game.

(§ 58)



69. Complete the sentences as in the example.

(§ 58)

(8 5	8)			
	play	polish	tune	wash
	I wanted him to	tune the p	oiano.	
	I made him <u>✓</u> t	The state of the s		
	I heard him <u>✓</u> t	une the piar	no.	
1.	He wanted me .		tł	ie guitar.
2.	He made me		the	guitar.
3.	He heard me		the	guitar.
4.	We heard him .		tł	ne floor.
5.	We made him		th	e floor.
6.	We would like	him		the floor.
7.	They expect her	r		up.
8.	They heard her		1	up.
9.	They let her		up.	
10	. They wanted h	er		up.
(§ !				
	а терпеть не мо			
OF	слышит, как о	_{ни} Не he	ears them v	
1.	Я бы хотел, что	обы она		
	Она бы хотела,			
3.	Вы ждёте, чтоб	ы мы?		
4.	Мы чувствуем,	что он		
5.	Они видят, как	я		
6.	Она заставила	меня		
7.	Я разрешил ем	y		
	Он хочет, чтоби			
	Он наблюдает,			
10	. Ты хочешь, чт	обы они?		

71. ORALLY. Translate the sentences into Russian. (§ 58)

- 1. I'd like a sandwich.
- 2. I'd like to make a sandwich.
- 3. I'd like you to make a sandwich.
- 4. She made him eat a sandwich.
- 5. She let him eating a sandwich.
- 6. She saw him eating a sandwich.
- 7. Would you like him to help you?
- 8. Do you expect him to leave tonight?
- 9. We can't expect them to come so soon.
- 10. She hates us to wake her up at 6 o'clock.
- 11. The teacher made him stay after classes.
- 12. Have you heard him play the guitar?
- 13. Did you see them leaving the house?
- 14. I saw him writing something.
- 15. I felt somebody touch my shoulder.
- 16. Did you let him help you?
- 17. I didn't let him leave tonight.
- 18. I hate you to say such things.
- 19. She hates him to come late.
- 20. What do you want him to say?
- 21. He doesn't let me go there.
- 22. I expect you to be careful.
- 23. He expected them to drive him home.
- 24. He made them drive him home.
- 25. He hates them.
- 26. He hates them to stay out too late.
- 27. He'll make you photocopy the article.
- 28. He made me photocopy the article.

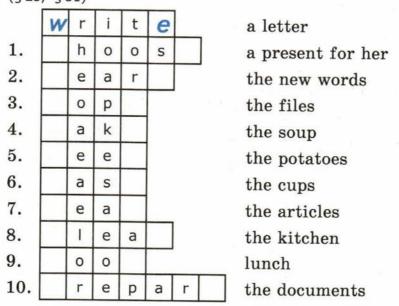
72. Complete the sentences.
(§ 58)
1. My mother wants me
2. My mother makes me
3. My mother lets me
4. My mother expects me
5. Our teacher lets us
6. Our teacher makes us
7. Our teacher would like us
8. My friend wants me
9. My doctor lets me
10. My neighbour wants me
11. My grandmother expects me
12. My grandmother lets me
73. Agree (+) or disagree (-) with the statements.
You don't like ham. (+) No, I don't.
You don't like coffee. (-) Yes, I do.
1. You don't swim every morning. (+)
2. They didn't study French. (-)
3. She isn't at her granny's. (-)
4. She doesn't often visit her aunt. (+)
5. She didn't visit her aunt last Wednesday. (-)
6. She was not at the football match. (+)
7. She won't be back till Monday. (+)
8. You aren't interested in science. (-)
9. You were not late. (+)
10. You don't lock the door. (+)
11. You did not lock the door. (+)
12 You won't look the door (-)

74. ORALLY. Make the sentences as in the example. (§ 31)

	-		302			
	d	r	0	p		something
1.		0	0			something
2:		u				a car
3.		е	1			his aunt
4.		h	a	n	g	his plan
5.		е	р	а	i	the boat
6.		е	n			the letter
7.		е	t	u	r	from a voyage
8.		е	е			the sights
9.		а	_			the doctor
10.		i	g			the agreement

He has dropped something.

75. ORALLY. Make the dialogues as in the example. (§ 25, § 31)



- <u>Have</u> you <u>written</u> the letter?
- No, I'm still writing it.

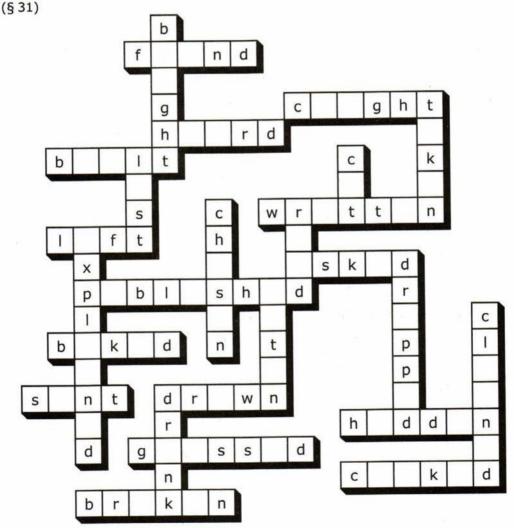
76. ORALLY. Play the Snowball game.

(§ 20, § 31)

Holland Mexico Japan Brazil China Angola Austria Poland Russia Sweden Panama Pakistan Mongolia the Russian Federation the UK the USA the Netherlands

This is **not** my first visit to <u>Japan</u>. I have been to <u>Japan</u> before.

77. Complete the crossword.



Play the Snowball game.

He hasn't eaten anything.

78. Complete the sentences using the Present P (§ 31)	erfect.
1 he already the blackboard?	CLEAN
2 you already the film?	WATCH
3 she already the present?	WRAP
4 they already the suitcase?	PACK
5 he already you the news?	TELL
6. He the scanner yet.	NOT BUY
7. I the password yet.	NOT CHANGE
8. We the exam yet.	NOT PASS
9. She off the printer yet.	NOT SWITCH
10. I the dialogue yet.	NOT HEAR
11. They the trip yet.	NOT PLAN
12. It raining yet.	NOT STOP
13. We lunch yet.	NOT HAVE
14. He the list yet.	NOT COPY

79. ORALLY. Make questions as in the example. (§ 31)

Ask him if Sally has seen the film.

Has Sally seen the film?

- 1. Ask him if they have met her.
- 2. Ask him if Oleg has bought the tickets.
- 3. Ask him if she has lost her passport.
- 4. Ask him if the conference has started.
- 5. Ask him if it has stopped raining.
- 6. Ask him if the delegation has arrived.
- 7. Ask him if the tourists have visited the Tretyakov Gallery.
- 8. Ask him if the teacher has checked the test.
- 9. Ask him if Olga has paid the bill.
- 10. Ask him if Mum has brought the medicine.

	ORALLY. Make	sentences as in the exa	mple.							
	He says he has	s seen the film. had seen the film	•							
1.	He says he has made a mistake.									
2.	He says they h	nave returned the map.								
3.	He says she ha	as recognized the man.								
4.	He says you h	ave saved his life.								
5.	He says they h	nave shown good result	s.							
6.	He says she ha	as bought a skateboard								
7.	He says he has	s sent a message.								
8.	He says she ha	as sent for a doctor.								
9.	He says they l	nave sold the house.								
10	. He says she h	nas packed the clothes.								
	81. ORALLY. Complete the sentences as in the example. (§ 33) (say/receive) He Said that he had received a letter.									
1.		e that she								
2.		sure that they								
3.		me that he								
4.		le that they								
		that she								
υ.	(know / lose) IIc	unav Silo vivi	,							
	Complete the	chart.								
(9 -	36, § 39)	Present Perfect	Future Perfect							
1.	I/write									
2.	you / return									
3.	he/plant									
4.	they / discuss									
5.	she/cook									

83. Complete the sentences as in the example. (§39)She will have done her homework by seven (do) o'clock. 1. She lunch (cook) by two o'clock. (write) 2. She the exercise by three o'clock. (make) 3. She the salad by four o'clock. 4. She the letter (send) by 10 o'clock. (buy) 5. She the map by Monday. (return) 6. She the book by Friday. (receive) 7. She the answer by 6 o'clock. (pass) 8. She the exams by July. (finish) 9. They the project by Tuesday. (plant) 10. She the trees by Sunday. 84. Play the game. (§ 39) 🗐 Информация для родителей Теория Таблицы Рекомендации Справка

She will have cleaned the room by that time.

Для игры нужен кубик VII-1. Правила игры см. на стр. 5.

(clean the room)

85. Complete the sentences as in the example.

(§ 39)

I think you will have found the address by that time.

- 1. I think she the parcel by that time.
- 2. I think she the scarf by that time.
- 3. I think she the copies by that time.
- 4. I think she the tickets by that time.
- 5. I think she the article by that time.

86. Complete the sentences.

(§ 39)

- 1. I think you some fish by that time. CATCH
- 2. I think they a fire by that time. MAKE
- 3. Do you think they the bridge BUILD by May?
- 4. I am sure she the garage by June. | SELL
- 5. I think he _____ a scanner by Monday. BUY
- 6. I think they _____ the roses by Friday. PLANT
- 7. I think they the car by that time. TEST
- 8. I am sure they the police by

that time.

9. Do you think he the tickets by

Tuesday?

10. Are you sure they the boat by Sunday?

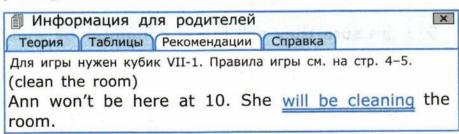
oat REPAIR

CALL

BOOK

87. Play the game.

(§ 38)



88. ORALLY. Translate the sentences into Russian. (§ 23, § 66)

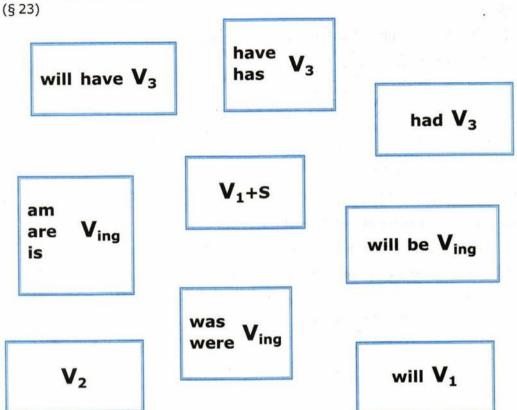
- 1. Olga wonders what we are writing.
- 2. Olga wonders what we write.
- 3. Olga wonders what we have written.
- 4. Olga wonders what we will write.
- 5. Olga wonders what we will have written.
- 6. Olga wonders what we were writing.
- 7. Olga wonders what we wrote.
- 8. Olga wonders what we are going to write.
- 9. Olga wonders what we will be writing.
- 10. Olga wondered what we had written.

89. Correct each sentence.

(§ 29, § 31, § 36, § 39)

1.	Ιŀ	ave	sav	v th	e fi	lm.							
2.	Ιŀ	ave	see	n t	he f	ilm	yes	terc	lay.				
3.	Ιŀ	ave	ser	nt tl	ne p	arc	el la	st v	vee	k.			
4.	На	ve y	ou	ma	de t	he d	deco	rati	on	two	day	s aç	jo?
5.	Wł	en	hav	e yo	ou p	ass	ed t	he	exa	m?			
6.	Ιc	lidn'	t lea	arn	the	wo	rds	yet.					
7.	Sh	e sa	id s	he	swit	che	d of	f th	e li	ght.			
8.	Ιv	vas	sure	th:	ey f	oun	d th	ie k	ey.				
9.	Ιa	m s	ure	the	y w	ill b	uy	a co	mp	uter	by	tha	t time
10.	Ιh	оре	she	e wi	II ch	neck	the	e te	st b	у 3	o'cl	ock.	
										, ,	0 01	OCK.	

90. Complete the chart.



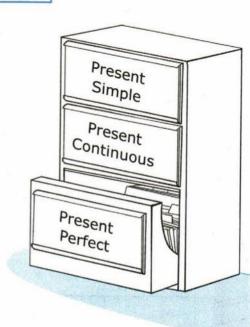
	Present	Past	Future
Simple			
Continuous			
Perfect			

91. Put each card into the right drawer. (§ 23)

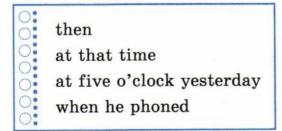
this time tomorrow
this time next Sunday
when you return
when the train arrives

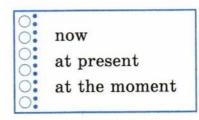
by tomorrow
by next August
by this time tomorrow
by the end of May

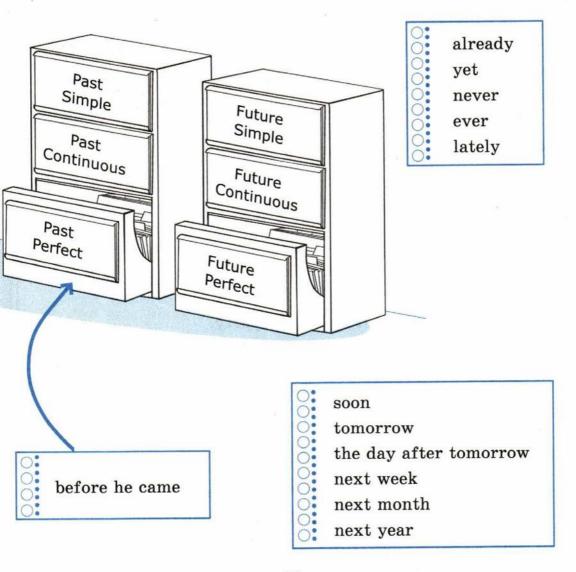
always
every day
ccasionally
often
on weekdays
sometimes
twice a week
usually



yesterday
the day before yesterday
last week
two years ago
in 1999







92 (§ 2	Translate the verb into English.	
1.	Когда он пришёл, мы готовили	
	доклад.	
2.	Когда он пришёл, мы уже	
	приготовили доклад.	
3.	Мы часто готовили доклады.	
4.	Мы уже приготовили доклад.	
5.	Я перезвоню тебе через час.	
	Я готовлю доклад и не могу	
	говорить с тобой.	
6.	Вчера я готовил доклад.	
7.	Я подготовлю доклад на	
	следующей неделе.	
8.	Я подготовлю доклад к	
	четвергу.	
9.	Я готовлю доклад уже три	
	дня.	
93.	Make negative sentences.	

(§ 23, § 56)

He is not

- 1. He's going to invite us to the party.
- 2. He's at the party.
- 3. He's invited us to the party.
- 4. She's a talented translator.
- 5. She's translated the article.
- 6. She's been translating the article for three months.
- 7. She translates from English into Russian.
- 8. She has to translate the article.

94. Play the game.

(§39)

Пиформация для родителей Теория Таблицы Рекомендации Справка	×
Игроки по очереди бросают кубик VII-1 и строят предложения образцу. Правила игры см. на стр. 5. (clean the room)	по
He <u>will have cleaned</u> the room by then.	

95. Agree with the statements.

(§ 57)

Ты не знаешь ответ.

You don't know the answer.

- Teбe не нужен принтер.
 You don't need the printer.
- 2. Тамара не работает по выходным. Tamara doesn't work at weekends.
- 3. On the moment переводить нам. He can't interpret for us.
- 4. Она не замужем. She isn't married.
- 5. Ты не тратишь на это деньги. You don't spend money on it.
- 6. Ему не приходилось звонить им. He didn't need to phone them.
- 7. Олег никогда не пользуется этой картой.
 Oleg never uses the map.
- 8. Они его не пригласили.
 They haven't invited him.
- 9. Она не рассказала тебе ничего интересного.

She didn't tell you anything interesting.

<u>Да</u>, не знаю **No**, I don't.

Да, не нужен.

Да, не работает.

Да, не может.

Да, не замужем.

Да, не трачу.

Да, не приходилось.

Да, никогда.

Да, не пригласили.

......

Да, не рассказала.

.....

96. Disagree with the statements. (§ 57)	
Ты не знаешь ответ.	Нет, знаю.
You don't know the answer.	Yes, I do.
1. Тебе не нужен переводчик.	Нет, нужен.
You don't talk through an	
interpreter.	
2. Тамара не работает по выходным.	Нет, работает.
Tamara doesn't work at weekends.	
3. Он не может переводить нам.	Нет, может.
He can't interpret for us.	
4. Она не замужем.	Нет, замужем.
She isn't married.	
5. Ты тратишь на это не много	Нет, много.
времени.	
You don't spend much time on it.	
6. Ему не нужно было практико-	Нет, нужно.
ваться.	
He didn't need to practice grammar.	
7. Олег никогда не пользуется этой	Нет, пользуется.
картой.	
Oleg never uses the map.	
8. Ей нетрудно учить идиомы.	Нет, трудно.
She has no problem learning idioms.	
9. Они его не пригласили.	Нет, пригласили.
They haven't invited him.	
10. Она не рассказала тебе ничего	Нет, рассказала.
интересного.	
She didn't tell you anything	
interesting.	

6. Ted	бе не нравится кататься на лыжах. — Нет, нравится.
7. Ей	не нравится переводить статьи. — Да, не нравится.
•••••	
99. Pla (§ 38)	ay the game.
(9 30)	🗊 Информация для родителей 💌
	Теория Таблицы Рекомендации Справка
	Для игры нужен конверт VII-2. Правила игры см. на стр. 4.
	(pack the suitcase) He will be packing the suitcase at
	this time tomorrow.

100. Correct each sentence.

(§§ 2-3, §§ 5-6 § 47)

	1000												bette
	ı a	m s	ure							4			
2.	Му	mo	st f	avo	urit	e po	et i	s Pu	ıshl	in.			
3.	Wh	en	I fir	st g	ot 1	he	scar	ner	, it	wor	ked	per	fect.
4.	It v	was	rair	n he	avil	уу	este	rday	/.				
5.	It v	vas	an	unu	sua	l da	nge	rous	s ro	ad.			
6.	She	e ad	lvice	ed r	ne t	o b	ook	two	tic	kets			
7.	I s	nall	nev	er i	forg	et r	ny a	unt	's a	dvis	e.		
8.	I'm	afr	aid	you	'II t	ave	to	buy	a ı	new	clot	hes	

ТЕМАТИЧЕСКОЕ СОДЕРЖАНИЕ УПРАЖНЕНИЙ¹

Future Simple (Будущее неопределённое время) § 36² 32, 36, 89

Future Continuous (Будущее продолженное время) § 38 87, 99

Future Perfect (Будущее совершенное время) § 39 82-86, 89, 94

Past Continuous (Прошедшее продолженное время) § 28 33, 40

Past Perfect (Прошедшее совершенное время) § 33 80, 81

Past Simple (Прошедшее неопределённое время) § 29 25, 27, 32, 34, 36, 40, 89

Present Continuous (Настоящее продолженное время) § 25 33, 37-41, 75

Present Perfect (Настоящее совершенное время) § 31 25, 74-80, 82, 89

Present Simple (Настоящее неопределённое время) § 26 32, 36, 38, 40, 41

Артикль § 20 1-5, 10, 13, 17, 24-27, 59-62

Вопрос § 50, § 53, § 54 25, 27

Косвенная речь §§ 60-62 11, 88

Mестоимения few / a few / little / a little §§ 16-17 14, 15, 41

¹ Цифры соответствуют номерам упражнений в Сборнике.

² Указаны параграфы Книги для родителей.

Mecтоимения some, any, no, something, anything, nothing, somebody, anybody, nobody, every, everything, everybody § 13 18-20, 23, 31

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Существительные, употребляющиеся только в единственном числе § 2 7, 9, 10, 12, 13, 16

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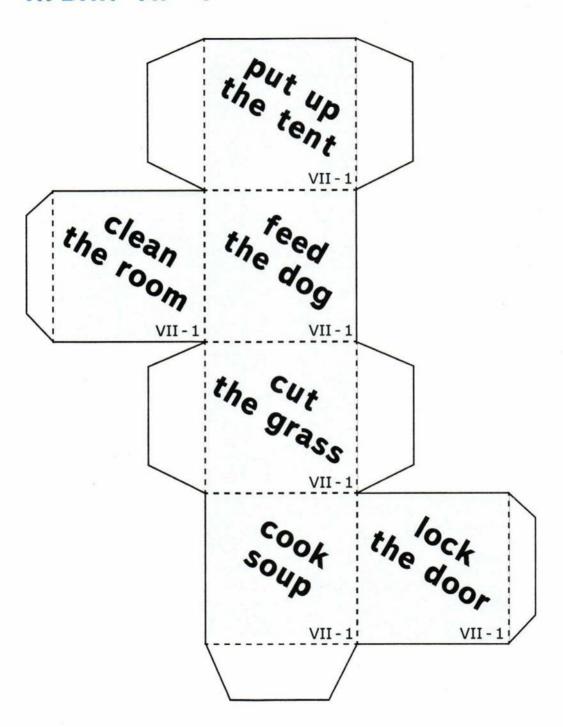
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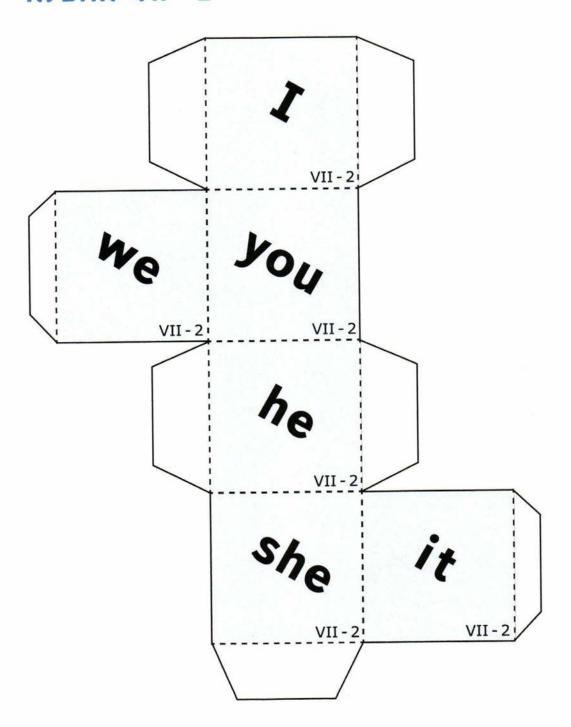
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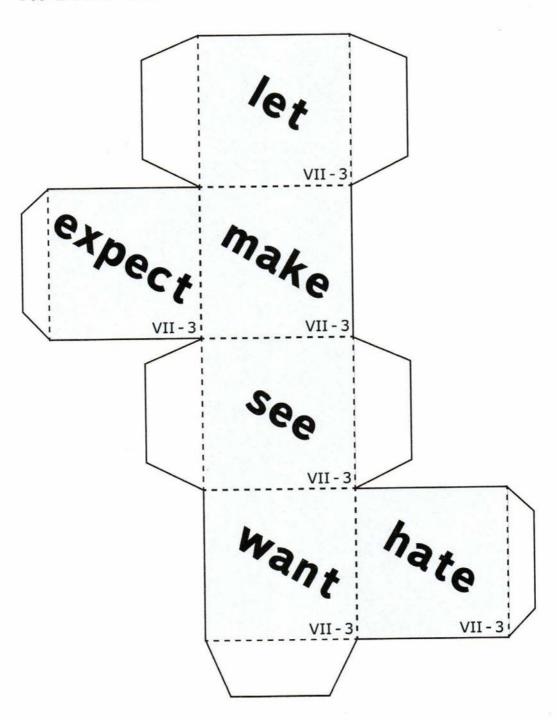
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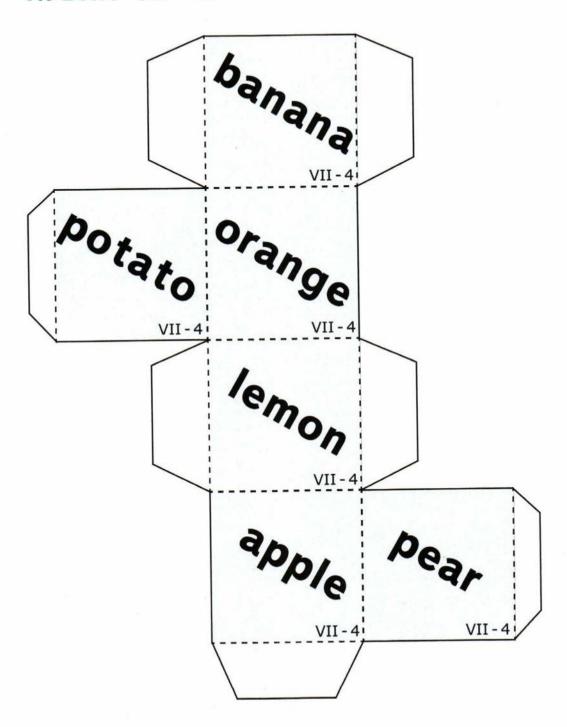
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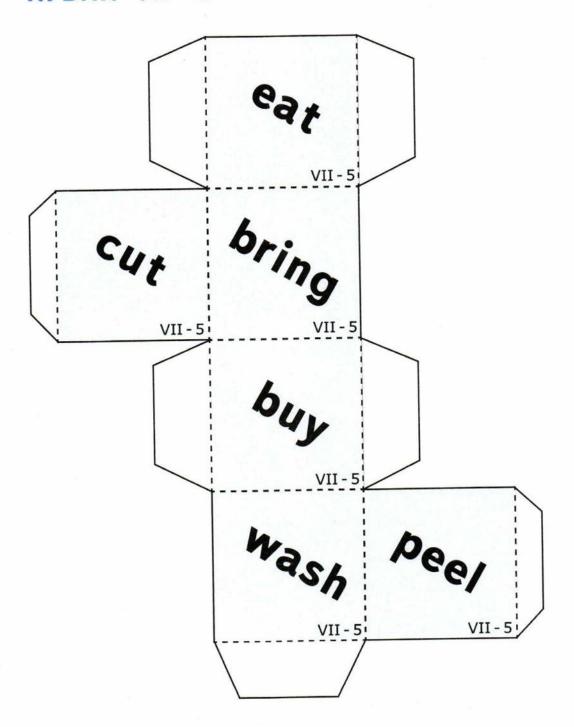
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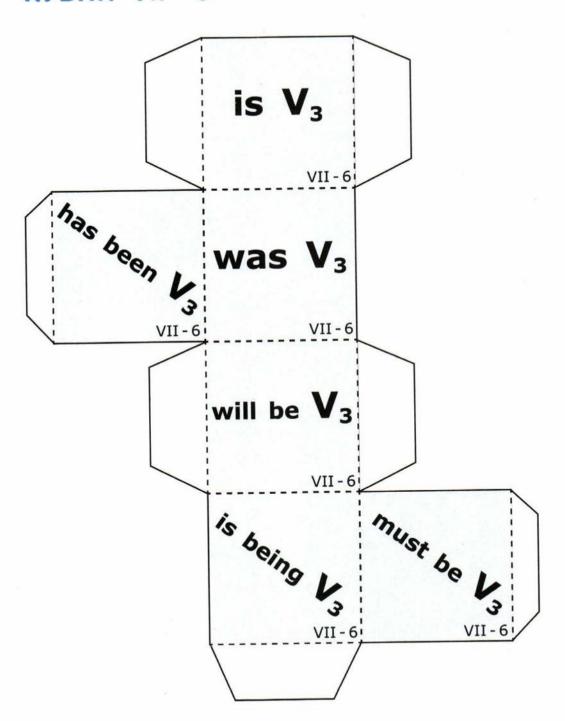
КУБИК VII-4



КУБИК VII-5



КУБИК VII-6



	КОНВ «ПАР	ВЕРТ 1 ОЧКИ» 7 класс	hear	dog	bark VII-1
cru / see, bou	/ hear, man , sing n, run / see, girl, l, cat, scratch / fee bite	/ hear, baby, l dance / see, l	hear	dog	bark VII-1
hear	man	sing VII-1	hear	man	sing VII-1
hear	baby	cry VII-1	hear	baby	cry VII - 1
see	boy	run VII - 1	see	boy	run VII - 1
see	girl	dance VII-1	see	girl	dance VII-1
see	car	stop VII-1	see	car	stop VII-1
feel	cat	scratch VII-1	feel	cat	scratch VII-1
	bee		ı	bee	1
feel	mosquito		feel	mosquito	bite VII-1

pack a suitcase «ПАРОЧКИ» 7 класс pack a suitcase / repair a blke / finish the project / pack a suitcase cook dinner / lay the table / plant a tree / make salad / water a plant / knit a scarf VII - 2 repair a bike repair a bike VII - 2 VII-2 finish the project | finish the project VII - 2 VII-2 cook dinner cook dinner VII-2 VII - 2 lay the table lay the table VII - 2 VII - 2 plant a tree plant a tree VII - 2 VII - 2 make salad make salad VII - 2 VII - 2 water a plant | water a plant VII - 2 VII-2 knit a scarf

VII - 2

VII - 2